

भारत सरकार :: अंतरिक्ष विभाग Government of India :: Dept. of Space

सतीश धवन अंतरिक्ष केंद्र शार, श्रीहरिकोटा

भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन Indian Space Research Organisation



SATISH DHAWAN SPACE CENTRE SHAR Suffranticate

Section: Mechanical Engineering

- Q.1 The thimble of screw gauge has 50 divisions. The spindle advances 1mm when the screw is turned through two revolutions. What is the least count of screw gauge?
 - A. 0.1 mm
 - B. 0.01mm
 - C. 0.001mm
 - D. 0.2mm

Ans X 1. A

- ✓ 2. B
- X 3. C
- X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936116

- Q.2 What is the mass of air contained in a room of dimensions $10m \times 10m \times 9m$ if the pressure is 100kPa and the temperature is $27^{\circ}C$. Take Gas constant R = 0.3KJ/kg.K
 - A. 900kg
 - B. 1000kg
 - C. 100kg
 - D. 800kg

Ans X 1. A

- ✓ 2. B
- X 3. C
- **X** 4. D

Question ID: 5834936085

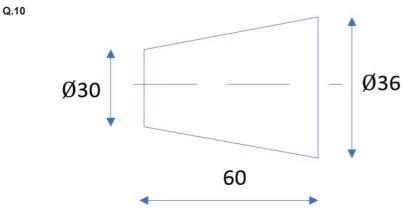
- Q.3 The relation between the pitch of the chain (P) and pitch circle diameter of the sprocket
 - (D) is given by the following equation, if T is the no. of teeth on the sprocket.
 - A. $P = D \sin (90^{\circ}/T)$
 - B. $P = D \sin (120^{\circ}/T)$
 - C. $P = D \sin(180^{\circ}/T)$
 - D. $P = D \sin (360^{\circ}/T)$

Ans X 1. A

- X 2. B
- √ 3. C
- X 4. D

Q.4	A pipe connecting two reservoirs with a difference of 5cm in their surface elevations
	conveys discharge of 0.1m ³ /sec. If the pipe is replaced by another pipe of four times the
	diameter, then the discharge will be
	A. 1.6cm ³ /sec
	B. 3.2cm ³ /sec
	C. 0.4cm ³ /sec
	D. 0.2cm ³ /sec
Ans	✓ 1. A
	★ 2. B
	※ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936091
Q.5	
Q.0	The metacentric height of a floating body is
	A. The distance between metacenter and center of buoyancy
	B. The distance between center of buoyancy and center of gravity
	C. The distance between metacenter and center of gravity
	D. None of the above
Ans	★ 1. A
	X 2. B
	✓ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936089
	Question is . 300-200000
Q.6	A work study is concerned with
	A. Motivation of workers
	B. Improving production planning and control
	C. Improving the production capability
	D. Improve the method and finding standard time
Ans	★ 1. A
7113	X 2. B
	X 3. C
	✓ 4. D
	· ·
	Question ID : 5834936122

Q.7	Between V-threads and Square threads transmitting power ofthrea	ads are preferred.
	A. Square	
	B. V-threads	
	C. both threads	
	D. None	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	X 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936141
Q.8	Water flows at the rate of 0.147m³/sec through a 150mm diameter ori	fice inserted in a
	300mm diameter pipe. The pressure gauges fitted on upstream and do	ownstream of the
	orifice plate have shown reading of 176.58KN/m ² and 88.29KN/m	n ² . The value of
	manometric height	
	A. 10m of water	
	B. 12m of water	
	C. 9m of water	
	D. 1 m of water	
Ans	X 1. A	
	★ 2. B	
	✓ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936094
Q.9	A perfect gas at 27 °C is heated at constant pressure till its volume is d	loubled. The final
	temperature is	
	A. 54°C	
	B. 327°C	
	C. 600°C	
	D. 654°C	
Ans	X 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	※ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936082



What is the taper on shaft diameter for the above sketch?

- A. 1/10
- B. 1/20
- C. 1/15
- D. 1/5

X 3. C

X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936121

The equation $(P + an^2/V^2)$ (V-nb) = nRT is known as

- A. Real gas equation
- B. Ideal gas equation
- C. Vander Waals equation
- D. Avogadro's equation

Ans X 1. A

X 2. B

√ 3. C

X 4. D

another pulley of 100mm diameter with a total slip of 2%. Then speed of Driven pulley is A. 2000 RPM B. 1960 RPM C. 1850 RPM D. 2010 RPM Ans ★ 1. A ★ 2. B ★ 3. C ★ 4. D Question ID : 8834936079 Question ID : 8834936079 Question ID : 5834936079 Question ID : 5834936138	Q.12	.12 In a flat belt drive, Driver pulley of 200mm diameter running at 1000RPM driv	es	
pulley is A. 2000 RPM B. 1960 RPM C. 1850 RPM D. 2010 RPM Ans				
A. 2000 RPM B. 1960 RPM C. 1850 RPM D. 2010 RPM Ans			11	
B. 1960 RPM C. 1850 RPM D. 2010 RPM Ans				
C. 1850 RPM D. 2010 RPM Ans				
D. 2010 RPM Ans				
Ans				
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, S3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A		D. 2010 RPM		
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, \$3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Aliquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume \(\gamma_{liquid} = 2x10^{-4}\) °C, \(y_{glass} = 4x10^{-5}\) °C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans X 1. A 2. B X 3. C X 4. D	Ans	ns 🗶 1. A		
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, \$3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Aliquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume γ _{liquid} = 2x10 ⁻⁴ /°C, γ _{glass} = 4x10 ⁻⁵ /°C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans X 1. A 2. B X 3. C X 4. D		✓ 2. B		
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, \$3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans ✓ 1. A ✓ 2. B ✓ 3. C ✓ 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to100°C how much liquid will over flow assume ✓ 1. A ✓ 2. B A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans ✓ 1. A ✓ 2. B ✓ 3. C ✓ 4. D		※ 3. C		
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, S3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 mm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2 B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume \(\gamma_{liquid} = 2x\text{10}^{-4/9}C\), \(\gamma_{glass} = 4x\text{10}^{-5/9}C\) A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans X 1. A 2 B X 3. C X 4. D		★ 4. D		
Q.13 For a CNC machine command, S3820 means A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 mm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2 B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume \(\gamma_{liquid} = 2x\text{10}^{-4/9}C\), \(\gamma_{glass} = 4x\text{10}^{-5/9}C\) A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans X 1. A 2 B X 3. C X 4. D				
A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans			Question ID : 5834936079	
B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936138	Q.13	.13 For a CNC machine command, S3820 means		
C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans X 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936138		A. Feed rate of 3820 mm per hour		
D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20 Ans		B. Spindle speed of 3820 rpm		
Ans		C. Move present tool to X+ direction by 38.20 mm		
 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 An in the part of the properties of the part of		D. Change over to tool no. 38 from 20		
X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936138 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to100°C how much liquid will over flow assume γ _{liquid} =2x10 ⁻⁴ /°C, γ _{glass} =4x10 ⁻⁵ /°C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans X 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	Ans	ns 🗶 1. A		
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Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume γ _{liquid} = 2x10 ⁻⁴ /°C, γ _{glass} = 4x10 ⁻⁵ /°C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans		★ 3. C		
 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to100°C how much liquid will over flow assume γ_{liquid} = 2x10⁻⁴/°C, γ_{glass} = 4x10⁻⁵/°C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans		★ 4. D		
 Q.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. Then the beaker is heated to100°C how much liquid will over flow assume γ_{liquid} = 2x10⁻⁴/°C, γ_{glass} = 4x10⁻⁵/°C A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans				
beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume $\gamma_{liquid} = 2x10^{-4/9}$ C, $\gamma_{glass} = 4x10^{-5/9}$ C A. 2 cm ³ B. 8 cm ³ C. 10 cm ³ D. 12 cm ³ Ans \times 1. A \checkmark 2. B \times 3. C \times 4. D			Question ID : 5834936138	
beaker is heated to 100°C how much liquid will over flow assume $\gamma_{liquid} = 2x10^{-4/9}$ C, $\gamma_{glass} = 4x10^{-5/9}$ C A. 2 cm ³ B. 8 cm ³ C. 10 cm ³ D. 12 cm ³ Ans \times 1. A \checkmark 2. B \times 3. C \times 4. D	Q.14	.14 A liquid at 0°C is poured in as beaker of volume 500 cm³ to fill completely. T	hen the	
γ _{glass} = 4x10·5/°C A. 2 cm ³ B. 8 cm ³ C. 10 cm ³ D. 12 cm ³ Ans				
A. 2 cm³ B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans			,	
B. 8 cm³ C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans				
C. 10 cm³ D. 12 cm³ Ans				
D. 12 cm³ Ans				
Ans				
✓ 2. B X 3. C X 4. D				
★ 3. C ★ 4. D	Ans			
★ 4. D				
Question ID : 5834936129		★ 4. D		
Question ID: 5834936129			Overetiers ID + 5024020400	
			Question ID: 5834936129	

	Q.15	For u.d.l acting on a beam of cantilever, the shear force diagram shows the following.
l		A. Straight Line

- B. Parabolic curve
- C. Hyperbolic curve
- D. Inclined straight line

Ans X 1. A

X 3. C

√ 4. D

Question ID: 5834936102

Q.16 Sodium Carbonate is a salt because of

- A. Weak acid, strong base
- B. Weak base, strong acid
- C. Strong acid, strong base
- D. Weak acid, weak base

Ans 🥒 1. A

X 2. B

X 3. C

X 4. D

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If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ find $A^T B^T$

- A. $\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 12 \\ 3 & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & 23 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$
- B. $\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 22 & 1 \\ 3 & 12 & 3 \\ 12 & 23 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- C. $\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 12 \\ 3 & 1 & 23 \\ 12 & 3 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$
- D. $\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 12 \\ 22 & 12 & 23 \\ 7 & 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

Ans X 1. A

X 2. B

X 3. C

√ 4. □

Question ID: 5834936127

A reversible polytropic process can be described by

A. $PV^n = constant$

B. $(PV)^n = constant$

C. $(P/V)^n = constant$

D. PV⁻ⁿ = constant

Ans 🛹 1. A

X 2. B

X 3. C

X 4. D

	A. 1	
	B. 3	
8	C. 0	
	D. 2	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	✓ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936075
Q.20	A toothed wheel of module 6mm and 60 teeth rotates at 100 rpm.	Find the paripharal
	speed of the gear wheel in m/sec	Tind the peripheral
	A. 0.6π	
	Β. 6000π	
	C. 6π	
	$\mathrm{D.100}\pi$	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	★ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936113
0.04		
	For an object of solid hemisphere with radius 'r' then what is the	C.G from its base.
	A. (3/8) r	
	B. (8/3) r	
	C. 3r	
	D. 8r	
Ans	√ 1. A	
	★ 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936098

Q.22	A flywheel is rotating at angular speed of 6rad/s and its moment of	inertia is 2500kg-
	m ² . Kinetic energy possessed by flywheel is	
	A. 50 kJ	
	B. 45 kJ	
	C. 15 kJ	
	D. 40 kJ	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936077
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Q.23	Roughness values (0.2 to 0.8) microns is indicated by	which symbol
Q.23	Roughness values (0.2 to 0.8) microns is indicated by A. One triangle	which symbol
Q.23		which symbol
Q.23	A. One triangle	which symbol
Q.23	A. One triangleB. Three triangle	which symbol
Q.23	A. One triangleB. Three triangleC. Two triangleD. Approximation	which symbol
	A. One triangleB. Three triangleC. Two triangleD. Approximation	which symbol
	 A. One triangle B. Three triangle C. Two triangle D. Approximation X 1. A 	which symbol
	 A. One triangle B. Three triangle C. Two triangle D. Approximation X 1. A 2. B 	which symbol
	A. One triangle B. Three triangle C. Two triangle D. Approximation 1. A 2. B 3. C	
	A. One triangle B. Three triangle C. Two triangle D. Approximation 1. A 2. B 3. C	which symbol Question ID: 5834936119

Q.24

Monthly wage	Number of workers
700	2
800	8
900	8
1000	2

Find the arithmetic mean of the above case

A.850

B.600

C.800

D.900

Ans 🥒 1. A

🗶 2. B

X 3. C

🗙 4. D

Question ID: 5834936117

Q.25 The observed time for an element is 0.7 minutes .The rating factor is 90%.

All the allowances put together are 20% of normal time .Calculate the Standard time in minutes.

A.0.756

B.0.856

C.0.5

D.2.0

Ans 🥒 1. A

X 2. B

X 3. C

X 4. D

Q.26 Stroke length of ram in shaper can be increased by

- A. Increasing radial distance of crank pin
- B. Decreasing radial distance of crank pin
- C. Decreasing slotted lever length.
- D. Increasing distance between fixed centres.

Ans

- 🥒 1. A
- **X** 2. B
- X 3. C
- X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936066

Q.27 A flywheel is in the form of uniform circular disc of diameter 10 cm & mass 10 kg is rotating about its own axis calculate the kinetic energy when rotating at 1200 rpm

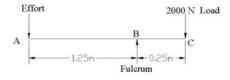
- A. $100\pi^{2} J$
- B. $10 \pi^2 J$
- C. $\pi^2/10 J$
- D. $\pi^2/100 \text{ J}$

- Ans X 1. A
 - ✓ 2. B
 - X 3. C
 - X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936130

Q.28

What is the value of effort from the following free body diagram.



- A. 200 N
- B. 400 N
- C. 600 N
- D. 1000 N

Ans X 1. A

- ✓ 2. B
- X 3. C
- X 4. D

Q.29	A hole is being drilled by 10mm drill bit at a feed rate of 0.6mm p	per revolution and
	with spindle speed of 700RPM. Energy consumption rate for the we	
	is given as 0.5 J/mm³ of material removed. Power required is	
	A. 550 W	
	B. 336 W	
	C. 125 W	
	D. 275 W	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	✓ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936067
Q.30	Determine the double of the stormer's hard the stormer's hard to the stormer's hard the s	aulindrical log of
Q.50	Determine the depth of the strongest beam that can be cutout of a wood whose diameter is 400mm.	cylindrical log of
	A. 32.66 cm	
	B. 23.09 cm	
	C. 31.76 cm	
	D. 33.26 cm	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
Alls	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936103
Q.31	Most commonly employed Welding process for joining locomotive	re rails is
	A. Thermit welding	
	B. Arc welding	
	C. Gas welding	
	D. Electron beam welding	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936062

Q.32 In a compound belt drive, an engine pulley A of dia.750mm rotating at 150RPM drives pulley B of dia. 450mm.Pulley C of dia.900mm keyed to the same shaft of pulley B drives dynamo pulley of dia.150mm. Speed of dynamo pulley is

- A. 1200 RPM
- B. 1300 RPM
- C. 1500 RPM
- D. 1800 RPM

Ans X 1. A

- X 2. B
- √ 3. C
- X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936076

- Q.33 In the following system, Steel grades are designated in En series
 - A. Indian standard steel designation system
 - B. American Iron & Steel institute (AISI)
 - C. British standard designation system
 - D. DIN standards

Ans X 1. A

- .
- 🗶 2. B
- √ 3. C
- X 4. D

Question ID: 5834936074

- Q.34 Dimensional formula of Stefan Boltzmann constant
 - A. M¹ L⁰ T⁻³K⁻⁴
 - B. M¹ L³ T⁻³K⁻⁴
 - C. M-2 L2 T-3K-4
 - D. M-1 L0 T-3K-4

Ans 🧼 1. A

- X 2. B
- X 3. C
- **X** 4. D

Q.35	At room temperature, crystal structure of Platinum is	
,	A. FCC	
	B. BCC	
	C. HCP	
3	D. SC	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936073
Q.36	Calculate the pressure exerted by 5kg of Nitrogen gas at a tempera	ture of 27°C if the
	volume is 0.1m ³ . Molecular weight of Nitrogen gas is 28. Assu	
	applicable.	
	$A. 4.4 \text{N/mm}^2$	
	B. 44 N/mm ²	
	C. 4.4 N/cm^2	
	$D. 44 \mathrm{N/cm^2}$	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		0 11 17 70 1000
		Question ID : 5834936095
Q.37	Calculate the HCV &LCV of a coal specimen from the following	data per kg of coal
	Carbon 70%; Hydrogen6%; Oxygen8%; Sulphur 5% and remaining	ng is oak
· '	Carbon 70%, Hydrogeno%, Oxygeno%, Suiphur 3% and femanin	ilg is asii
	A. 31323 kJ/kg &29992 kJ/kg	
	B. 33319 kJ/kg &25789 kJ/kg	
	C. 32689 kJ/kg &25687 kJ/kg	
	D. 32896 kJ/kg &25876 kJ/kg	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5934936433
		Question ID : 5834936133

Q.38 What is the safe tensile load for a M36x4 bolt of mild steel having yield stress of 280 MPa and a factor of safety 2. A. 142.56 kN B. 242.56 kN C. 342.56 kN D. 442.56 kN ✓ 1. A Ans X 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936112 Q.39 In an experimental test conducted on hoisting machine, it was found that an effort of 40kN was applied to lift a load of 180kN. An effort of 32kN was required to lift a load of 140kN. As per law of machine, effort required to lift 15kN load is A. 15 kN B. 10 kN C. 7 kN D. 2 kN Ans X 1. A X 2. B √ 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936078 Q.40 Find the equation of a straight line passing through the point (-2,1) and perpendicular to the line 2x+3y=10A. 3x+2y-4=0B. 2x-3y+7=0C. 3x-2y+8=0D. 3x+2y+4=0Ans X 1. A X 2. B √ 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936126

Q.41	If a gas of volume 6000cm ³ and pressure of 100Kpa is compress	ed quasistatically
	according to $PV^2 = constant$ until the volume becomes $2000cm^3$.D	etermine the final
	pressure.	
	A. 600Kpa	
	B. 800Kpa	
	C. 900Kpa	
	D. 300Kpa	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	★ 2. B	
	✓ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936083
Q.42	A Plate at a distance of 1mm from a fixed plate moves at 60cm/sec at	nd requires a force
	of 2N per unit area i.e. $2N/m^2$ to maintain speed. Determine fluid vise	
	plates.	
	A. $3.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N.s/m}^2$	
	B. $0.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N.s/m}^2$	
	C. $3.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N.s/m}^2$	
	D. $3.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N.s/m}^2$	
Ans	✓ 1. A	E .
	X 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936093
Q.43	Wet bulb temperature at 100% RH is dry bulb temper	rature
	A. equal to	
	B. lower than	
	C. higher than	
	D. inverse of	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
Allo	★ 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936134

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Q.44	A reversible Engine has an ideal thermal efficiency of 75%. The direction of the cycle
	is reversed and converted in to refrigerator. The coefficient of performance will be
	A. 2/3
	B. 4/3
	C. 1/3
	D. 3/2
Ans	★ 1. A
	★ 2. B
	✓ 3. C
	X 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936084
Q.45	In a laboratory test on shaper, feed, depth of cut and length of stroke are
	2mm/stroke,4mm and 300mm respectively. If specific power consumption is
	0.05KW/cm³ per minute and number of working strokes per minute is 20, Power
	consumption is
	A. 4.5 kW
	B. 2.0 kW
	C. 2.4 kW
	D. 1.2 kW
Ans	★ 1. A
	※ 2. B
	✓ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Over-time ID + 5004000000
	Question ID : 5834936069
Q.46	Minimum percentage of carbon in cast iron is
	A. 1.0%
	B. 2.0%
	C. 0.8%
	D. 4.4%
Ans	★ 1. A
	✓ 2. B
	※ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Ougstion ID + 5924926974
	Question ID : 5834936071

Q.47	47 A Monoatomic ideal gas ($\gamma = 1.67$ Molecular weight = 40) is compressed adiabatically	
	from 0.1Mpa 300K to 0.2Mpa. The universal gas constant is 8.314KJ/kg.K. The work	
	of the compression of gas in KJ/kg is. (Take (2) $^{\gamma-1/\gamma} = 1.32$)	
	A. 29.7	
	B. 19.9	
	C. 13.3	
	D. Zero	
Ans	✓ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936087
		Question ib . 3634336067
Q.48	Tool materials in the increasing order of red hardness is	
	A. HSS, Plain carbon steel, Carbides, Ceramics	
	B. Carbides, HSS, Ceramics, Plain carbon steel	
	C. Plain carbon steel, HSS, Carbides, Ceramics	
	D. Ceramics, Plain carbon steel, Carbides, HSS	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	★ 2. B	
	✓ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID: 5834936068
Q.49	A reversible engine has ideal thermal efficiency of 25%. When it is use machine with all other conditions unchanged, the coefficient of performance of the coefficient of performance of the coefficient of the coefficient of performance of the coefficient of the	
	A. 0.25	
	B. 4.0	
	C. 4.33	
	D. 3.0	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	X 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	✓ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936135
		Question 15 . 0007300100

Compression ratio for an engine with clearance volume of 120 cm ³ and 600 cm ³ is	swept volume of	
A. 6		
B. 5		
C. 7.2		
D. 4.8		
✓ 1. A		
X 2. B		
X 3. C		
	Question ID : 5834936137	
A power screw of 32mm nominal diameter and 5mm pitch is acted up	on by an axial load	
of 12 kN with permissible thread bearing pressure is 6 MPa. Considering bearing action		
between the threads in engagement, what is the number of threads in engagement with		
the screw.		
A. 5		
B. 9		
C. 14		
D. 17		
X 1. A		
✓ 2. B		
※ 3. C		
★ 4. D		
	Question ID : 5834936108	
In a simply supported beam carrying an u.d.l w per unit length, then	he point of contra	
flexure.		
A. Lies in the centre of the beam		
B. Lies at the ends of the beam		
C. Depends up on length of beam		
D. Does not exist.		
★ 1. A		
★ 2. B		
※ 3. C		
✓ 4. D		
	Question ID : 5834936100	
	A. 6 B. 5 C. 7.2 D. 4.8 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D A power screw of 32mm nominal diameter and 5mm pitch is acted up of 12 kN with permissible thread bearing pressure is 6 MPa. Consider between the threads in engagement, what is the number of threads in the screw. A. 5 B. 9 C. 14 D. 17 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D In a simply supported beam carrying an u.d.l w per unit length, then the flexure. A. Lies in the centre of the beam B. Lies at the ends of the beam C. Depends up on length of beam D. Does not exist. 1. A 2. B 3. C	

Q.53 The rate of change of bending moment at any section is equal to A. Shear force at that section B. Deflection at that section C. Loading at that section D. Net moment Ans √ 1. A X 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936096 Q.54 A machine element is subjected to the biaxial state of stress σ_x = 80MPa, $\sigma_y\!\!=20$ MPa and $\tau_{xy}\!\!=40$ MPa. If the shear strength of the material is 100 MPa then factor of safety as per maximum shear stress theory is. A. 1 B. 2 C. 2.5 D. 3.3 Ans X 1. A ✓ 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936114 Q.55 ----- is a drawing giving details about size tolerances, heat treatment etc. A. Exploded drawing B. Production drawing C. Assembly drawing D. Machine drawing Ans X 1. A ✓ 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936120

A. lines are parallel B. lines are passing through origin C. lines will intersect at 90° D. lines will intersect at 45° X 1. A X 2. B 3. C X 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant property of the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ X 1. A X 2. B Ø 3. C X 4. D	
B. lines are passing through origin C. lines will intersect at 90° D. lines will intersect at 45° 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant properties at 45° A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
C. lines will intersect at 90° D. lines will intersect at 45° 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant proports 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal end A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
D. lines will intersect at 45° 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant properties at a constant properties. The change in Internal endocates at a constant properties at a constant properties. The change in Internal endocates at a constant properties at a constant properties. The change in Internal endocates at a constant properties at a constant p	essure of 1MPa and
 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant properties of the process. The change in Internal enternal entern	essure of 1MPa and
 2. B 3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant proposorbs 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal enternal ent	essure of 1MPa and
3. C 4. D mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant property of the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant proposorbs 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal endos. A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
mixture of gases expands from 0.03m³ to 0.06 m³ at a constant property of the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ of heat during the process. The change in Internal endosorbs 84KJ A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ X 1. A X 2. B 3. C	essure of 1MPa and
A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ X 1. A X 2. B 3. C	
A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ X 1. A X 2. B 3. C	
A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ ★ 1. A ★ 2. B	ergy of the mixture
A. 30KJ B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ ★ 1. A ★ 2. B	
B. 84KJ C. 54KJ D. 64KJ ★ 1. A ★ 2. B ★ 3. C	
C. 54KJ D. 64KJ 1. A 2. B 3. C	
D. 64KJ ★ 1. A ★ 2. B ★ 3. C	
★ 1. A ★ 2. B ★ 3. C	
× 2. B √ 3. C	
✓ 3. C	
▼ 4. D	
	O if ID . FOO LOOSES
	Question ID : 5834936086
One of which NDT method is used to detect internal weld defects.	
A. Radiographic testing	
B. Magnetic particle testing	
C. Liquid penetration testing	
O. None of the above	
✓ 1. A	
₹ 2. B	
▼ 3. C	
▼ 4. D	
N 4. D	
A 4. D	Question ID : 5834936097
 C. Liquid penetration testing D. None of the above ✓ 1. A X 2. B X 3. C 	
A 3 C)	 Radiographic testing Magnetic particle testing Liquid penetration testing None of the above 1. A (2. B (3. C

Q.59 In Three-piece moulding flask, top middle & bottom pieces are called as A. Cope, drag& Cheek B. Cope, Cheek& Drag C. Drag, Cope& Gate D. Cope, Gate& Drag Ans X 1. A ✓ 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936065 Q.60 Euler's number is the ratio of A. Inertia force to pressure force B. Inertia force to elastic force C. Inertia force to gravity force D. Pressure force to elastic force Ans 🗙 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936090 Q.61 The amount of inertia of a surface about an axis through its centroid is 4200 mm⁴. If the area of the surface is 100 mm² what will be the moment of inertia about a parallel axis 6mm distance from the centroid. A. 4200 mm⁴ B. 7800 mm⁴ C. 3600 mm⁴ D. 6000 mm⁴ Ans X 1. A 🥒 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936105

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A. K-40 B. Ca-40 C. Ca-48 D. K-41 Ans 1. A	Q.02	Argon gas is generated due to decay of which among the f	following isotope
C. Ca-48 D. K-41 Ans 1.A X 2.B X 3.C X 4.D Question ID: 5834936132 Question ID: 5834936136		A. K-40	
D. K-41 Ans		B. Ca-40	
Ans		C. Ca-48	
X 2.B X 3.C X 4.D Question ID: 5834936132 Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936132		D. K-41	
Question ID: 5834936132 Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936132	Ans	✓ 1. A	
Question ID: 5834936132 Question ID: 5834936132 Question ID: 5834936132 A. Static pressure + Velocity pressure B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A		X 2. B	
Q.63 Total pressure produced by fan in air handling unit is A. Static pressure + Velocity pressure B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure – atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans		X 3. C	
A. Static pressure + Velocity pressure B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936136		★ 4. D	
A. Static pressure + Velocity pressure B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936136			Ougation ID - 5924026422
A. Static pressure + Velocity pressure B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936136 Question ID: 5834936136 A. D Question ID: 5834936136 A. Soo mm A. Soo mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D			Question ID : 3634936132
B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A	Q.63	Total pressure produced by fan in air handling unit is	
B. Static pressure + atmospheric pressure C. Static pressure - atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans 1. A		A Statio massauma Valocity massauma	
C. Static pressure – atmospheric pressure D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans			
D. (Static pressure x volumetric efficiency) + Atmospheric pressure Ans			
Ans ✓ 1. A ✓ 2. B ✓ 3. C ✓ 4. D Question ID: 5834936136 Q.64 The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans ✓ 1. A ✓ 2. B ✓ 3. C ✓ 4. D			
X 2. B X 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936136 Q.64 The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans X 1. A X 2. B 3. C X 4. D			c pressure
Q.64 The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans X 1. A X 2. B 3. C X 4. D	Ans		
Q.64 The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans			
Q.64 The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans			
The Moment of Inertia of a beam section 500mm deep is 25x10 ⁷ mm ⁴ . Find the longest span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans		X 4. D	
span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans X 1. A X 2. B 3 . C X 4. D			Question ID : 5834936136
span over which a beam of this section, when simply supported, could carry a uniformly distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans X 1. A X 2. B 3. C X 4. D	Q.64		4 F: 1d 1
distributed load of 720 kN per metre run. The stress in the material is not to exceed 90 MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D		The Moment of mertia of a beam section 300mm deep is 23x10 mm ⁻ . Find the longest	
MPa. A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans			
A. 500 mm B. 600 mm C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans			
C. 1000 mm D. 700 mm Ans			
D. 700 mm Ans			
Ans		C. 1000 mm	
X 2. B✓ 3. CX 4. D			
✓ 3. C★ 4. D		D. 700 mm	
★ 4. D	Ans		
	Ans	★ 1. A	
Question ID : 5834936104	Ans	★ 1. A★ 2. B	
Question is . 3004300104	Ans	★ 1. A★ 2. B✓ 3. C	
	Ans	★ 1. A★ 2. B✓ 3. C	Ouestion ID : 5834936104
	Ans	★ 1. A★ 2. B✓ 3. C	Question ID : 5834936104

Q.65	The success of precision measurement by slip gauge depends on p	henomenon called
	A. Rubbing of slip gauges	
	B. Wringing of slip gauges	
	C. Sliding of slip gauge	
	D. Rotation of slip gauge	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936115
Q.66	If T be the torque transmitted by a splined shaft 'n' splines at a mean	n radius of R, then
	shear force on each spline is	
	A. T/R	
	B. T/(nR)	
	C. (Tn)/R	
	D. T/(2nR)	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	※ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936106
Q.67	One Tesla is equal to	
	A. 1 webers per sec	
	B. 1 webers per sqm	
	C. 100 webers	
	D. 100 gauss	
Ans	★ 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936139

Q.68	$^{ m 3}$ A ball bearing is characterized by basic static capacity is 11000N and dy	ynamic capacity
	is 18000N. This bearing is subjected to equivalent static load of 5500	N. What is the
	life in million revolutions.	
	A. 52	
	B. 35.05	
	C. 10.1	
	D. 4.1	
Ans	s X 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936111
Q.69	Given that K is coefficient, V is mean velocity and f-Darcy-weishbach fr	riction factor and
	D diameter of pipe. If the head loss in a pipe bend is given by $h_L = KV^3/2$	
	length of the pipe is	-
	A. Kf/D	
	B. KD/f	
	C. f/KD	
	D. Df/K	
Ans	x ★ 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	★ 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936092
Q.70)	
	The ability of material to exhibit large plastic deformation prior to fracti	ture under tensile
	loading conditions is called	
	A. Malleability	
	B. Ductility	
	C. Hardenability	
	D. Machinability	
Ans	5 🗶 1. A	
	✓ 2. B	
	X 3. C	
	★ 4. D	
		Question ID : 5834936072

Q.71	Annual production is 1800 units .Procurement cost is Rs 450/-
	Manufacturing cost is Rs 45/
	Inventory cost is 10 % per item.
	Calculate the total number of orders based on EOQ.
	A. 3
	B. 2
	C. 6
	D. 4
Ans	√ 1. A
	★ 2. B
	X 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936124
0.72	
Q.72	A shaft of 10mm in diameter whose maximum shear stress is 32 N/mm² can transmit a maximum torque in Nmm is equal to
	A. $2000~\pi$
	B. 1000 π
	C. 4000 π
	D. 8000π
Ans	✓ 1. A
	★ 2. B
	★ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936110
	Question is a second
Q.73	When air is compressed, the enthalpy is increases from 100KJ/kg to 200KJ/kg. Heat lost
	during this compression is 50KJ/kg. Neglecting Potential and Kinetic energies, the
	power required for a mass flow of 2kg/sec of air through compressor will be
	A. 300KW
	B. 200KW
	C. 100KW
	D. 50KW
Ans	✓ 1. A
	★ 2. B
	★ 3. C
	★ 4. D
	Question ID : 5834936088

Then allowable shearing load on weldment per cm length of the weld is A. 22.5 kN B. 15.0 kN C. 10.6 kN D. 07.5 kN Ans	
B. 15.0 kN C. 10.6 kN D. 07.5 kN Ans	
C. 10.6 kN D. 07.5 kN Ans	
C. 10.6 kN D. 07.5 kN Ans	
D. 07.5 kN Ans	
Ans	
★ 2. B	
X 4. D	
	1
Question ID : 5834936109	
Q.75 A cantilever beam of rectangular cross section is subjected to a load 'W' at its free end.	
If the depth of the beam is doubled and the load is halved, the deflection of free end as	
compared to original deflection will be	
A. Half	
B. One eight	
C. One sixteenth	
D. Double	
Ans X 1. A	
X 2. B	
※ 4. D	
Question ID : 5834936101	
Q.76 Melting point of pure iron in degree centigrade is	
A. 2001	
B. 2010	
C. 1539	
D. 1469	
Ans X 1. A	
★ 2. B	
✓ 3. C	
※ 4. D	
Question ID : 5834936070	

A. 1:1 B. 2:1 C. 3:1 D. 1:3 Ans ★1.A ★2.B ♣3.C ★4.D Question ID: 5834936118 Question ID: 5834936118 Question ID: 5834936118 Question ID: 5834936118	
C. 3:1 D. 1:3 Ans ★ 1.A ★ 2.B ♣ 3. C ★ 4. D Question ID: 5834936118 Q.78 Which of the following tool is not used in Forging operations? A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
D. 1:3 Ans	
Ans X 1. A X 2. B 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936118 Q.78 Which of the following tool is not used in Forging operations? A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
 X 2. B ✓ 3. C X 4. D Question ID: 5834936118 Question ID: 5834936118 Question ID: 5834936118 A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger 	
Q.78 Which of the following tool is not used in Forging operations? A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
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Q.78 Which of the following tool is not used in Forging operations? A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
A. Swage block B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
B. Tong C. Anvil D. Auger	
C. Anvil D. Auger	
D. Auger	
Ans 1.A	
★ 2. B	
★ 3.C	
✓ 4. D	
Question ID : 5834936063	
Q.79 More Shrinkage allowance is considered in pattern making for casting of	
A. Aluminium	
B. Lead	
C. Copper	
D. Gunmetal	
Ans X 1. A	
✓ 2. B	
★ 3. C	
★ 4. D	
Question ID : 5834936140	

Q.80 Slip gauges are used for
A. Verification of accuracy of micro meters.
B. Measurement of slip of belts
C. Measurement of pitch of threads
D. Verification of sensitivity of governor.

Ans

✓ 1. A

✓ 2. B

✓ 3. C

✓ 4. D

Question ID: 5834936064